



NMI Quality & Reliability Network Event

Safe Product Launch with Fast Reliability Feedback

5th February 2009 – Unisem Europe, South Wales



Zwolle (NL)



Dresden (D)



Noerdlingen (D)



Stuttgart (D)

...certified by RoodMicrotec.

Agenda



- **Introduction**
- **Challenges of fast reliability feedback**
- **Measures and means to shorten qualification & development times**
- **Burn-In and HTOL with monitoring**
 - Benefits
 - Possibilities
- **Summary**

Introduction



■ RoodMicrotec as Service Provider for

- Qualification, reliability tests & burn-In
- Failure Analysis & FIB services
- Functional & parametric testing
- Consulting (Qualification/Reliability/ESD)
- Test & product engineering
- Opto electronics testing, qualification & analysis



■ Speaker

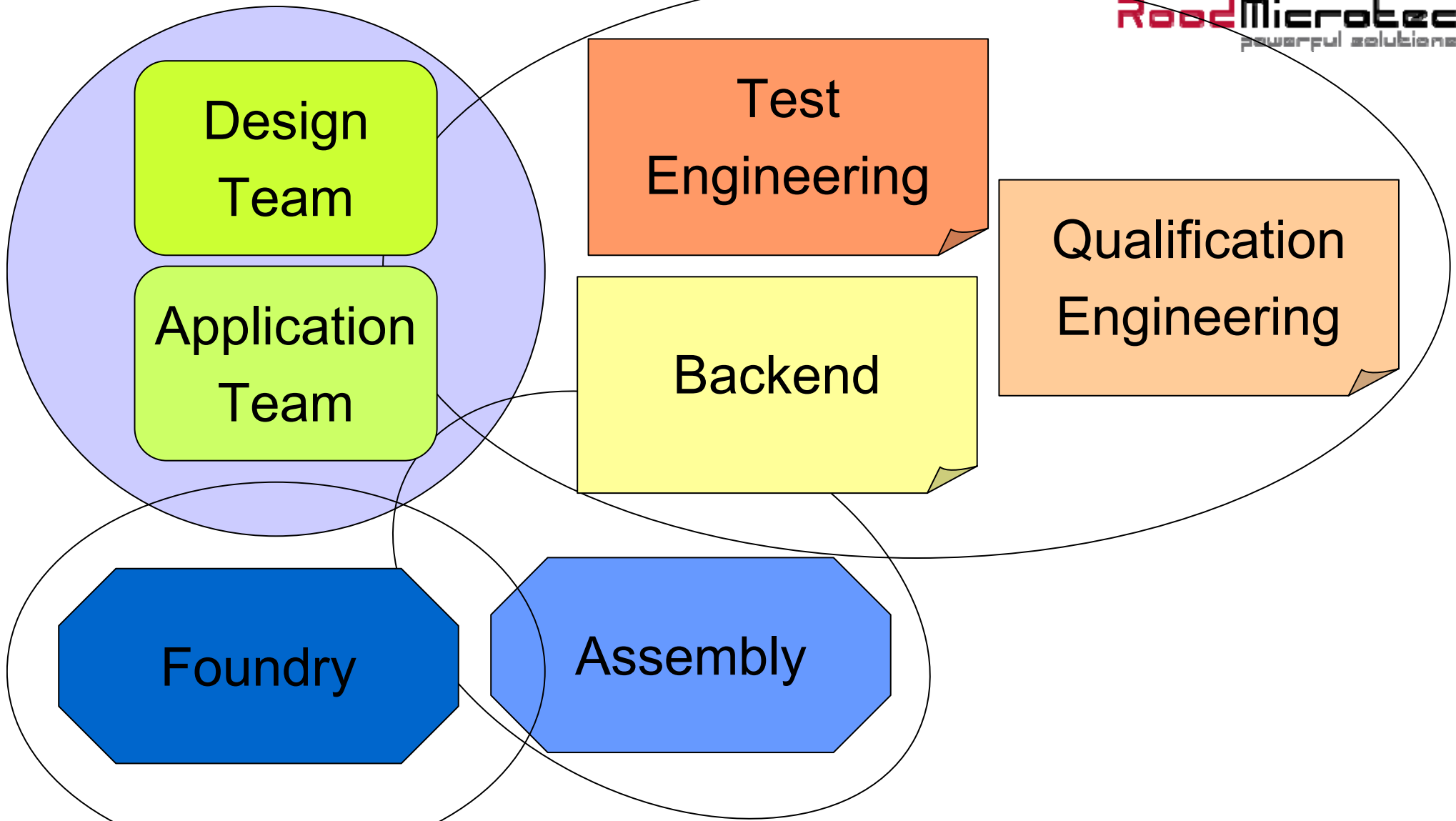
- Thorsten Bucksch
- As of 1993 in ELMOS, Infineon/ Qimoda, RoodMicrotec
- Test & Product Engineering, R&D

Challenges of Fast Product Introduction



- **New product with few application experience**
- **Specification & test concept are developing during the product development process**
- **Parallel branches with interdependent activities**
 - Product design with test mode definitions
 - Test concept development
 - Test definition & load board implementation
 - Definition of qualification concept
 - Burn-In & stress test board implementation
- **Early time to market**
- **High quality expectation from customers**

Product Ramp in Outsourced Model

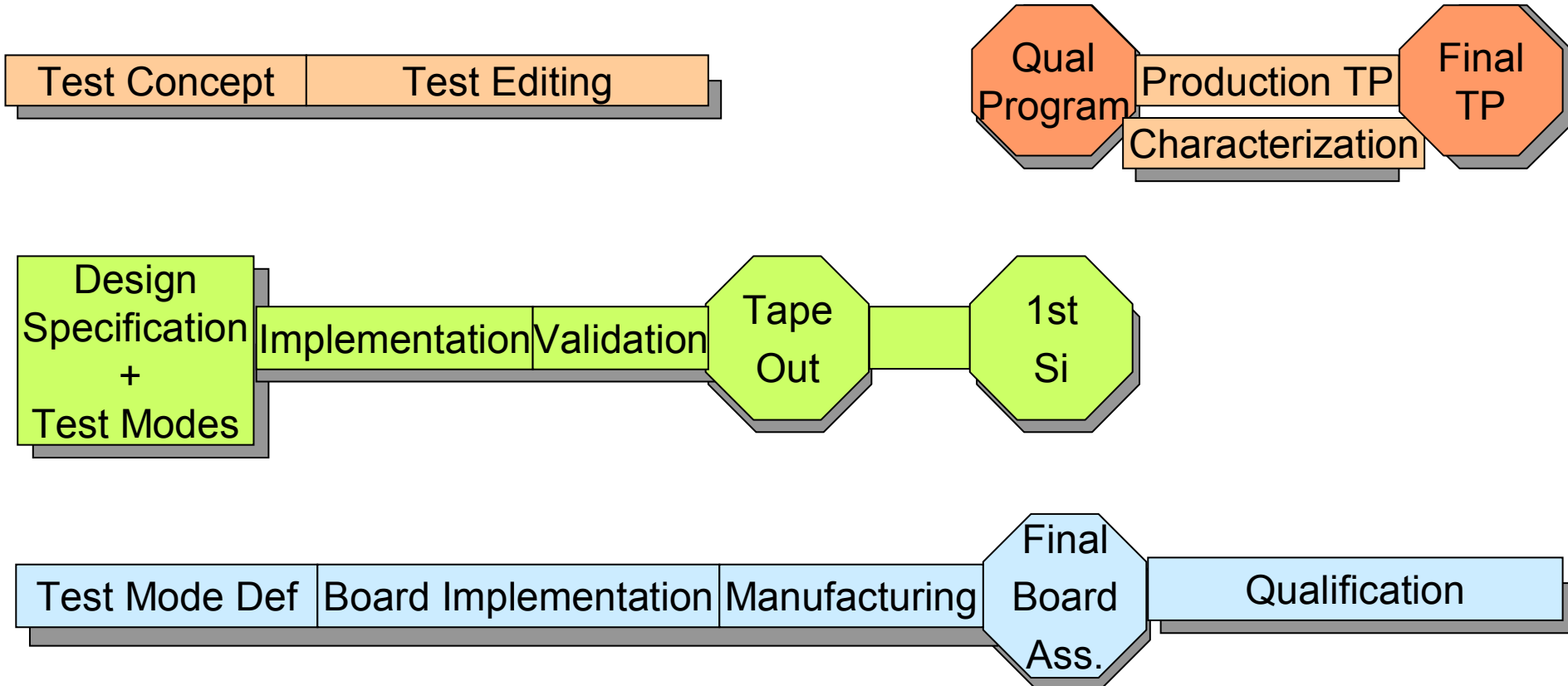


Interleaved Development Process



- **Design process with test mode definitions**
- **Load board design and tester resource allocation**
 - External test hardware definition
- **Functional test**
 - Split up into qual requirements, characterization and production test requirements
 - Test temperature definition & test time reduction roadmap
- **Burn-In & Stress Testing (HTOL, HAST)**
 - Board definition & layout
 - Board manufacturing

Schedule Interleave



Profile for Qualifications



- **Customer requests: automotive**
 - Lifetime: 10 – 20 years
 - Operating time: 6,000h – 12,000h
 - Rest period: 120,000h – 145,000h
 - Driving cycles: 4,000 – 100,000 cycles
- **Customer requests: industrial electronics**
 - Lifetime: 5 – 10 years
 - Operating time: 30,000h – 60,000h
 - Operating cycles: 3,000 – 10,000 cycles
- **Customer requests: Communications**
 - Lifetime: 5 – 25 years
(mobile, submarine)

Test Acceleration – Temperature Storage 1



- **Arrhenius model**

Increasing the operating temperature by 10°C halves the expectation of life of electronic devices.

10°C -> 1/2x; 33°C -> 1/10x; 100°C -> 1/1000x

Example: specified lifetime for one device

a) 2,000 hours @ 85°C

b) 2,000 hours @ 105°C

85 °C/ 2,000h	2,000 h / appr. 12 weeks
55 °C	16,000 h / appr. 22 months

105 °C / 2,000 h	2,000h / appr. 12 weeks
85 °C	8,000h / appr. 11 months
55 °C	64,000 h / appr. 7,5 years

Test Acceleration – Temperature Storage 2



Operating temperature at the device	Lifetime	Weeks (168h)	Months (720h)	Years (8760h)
105°C	2,000 h	11.9	2.8	0.2
95°C	4,000 h		5.6	0.5
85°C	8,000 h		11.1	0.9
75°C	16,000 h			1.8
65°C	32,000 h			3.7
55°C	64,000 h			7.3
45°C	128,000 h			14.6
35°C	256,000 h			29.2

- The lifecycle is the result of the real temperature variations during operation.
- Therefore the operating conditions are important for considering the lifecycle.

Test Acceleration – Humidity Storage



- Lawson model

For the default picture electro migration an activation energy of 0,5 eV is applied.

1000h test **at 40°C, 93% rh**
equals

215h **at 85°C, 85% rh**
equals

20h HAST **at 130°C, 85% rh**

- Depending on the default picture and the activation energy (between 0,2 eV und 1,5 eV) the conversions vary.

Test Acceleration – Temperature Cycles



- **Coffin-Manson**

**1000 cycles -55°C +125°C
equals**

**2732 cycles -55°C +85°C
equals**

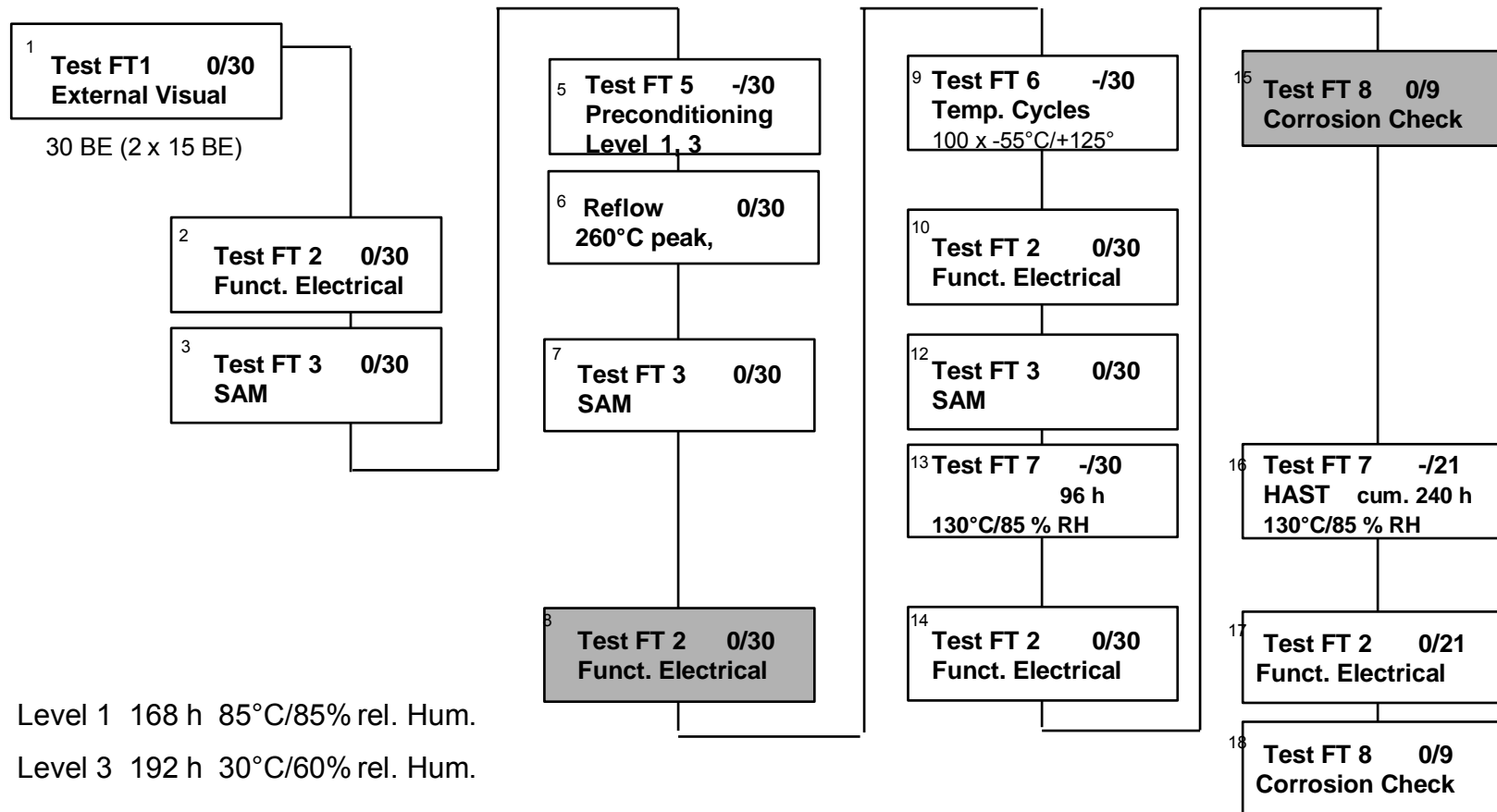
805 cycles -40°C +150°C

- Coefficient 4 has been assumed
- General examinations during the conversion to lead-free process showed that leaded and lead-free solder have different coefficients.

Example Qualification Flow: BGA Device



Test Sequence

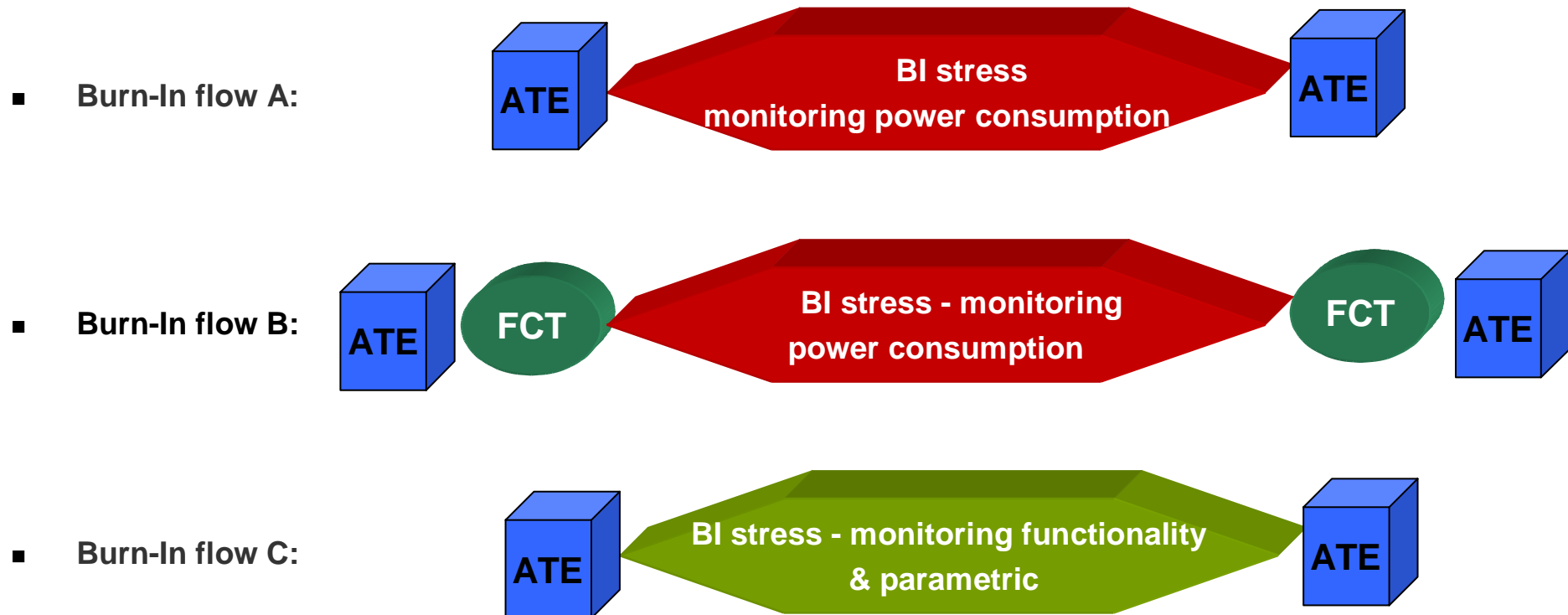


01-15 Level 1 168 h 85°C/85% rel. Hum.

16-30 Level 3 192 h 30°C/60% rel. Hum.

Monitoring Burn-In

- Monitoring of functionality of each individual DUT during the dynamic operation
- Individual DUT monitoring under stress conditions in the chamber

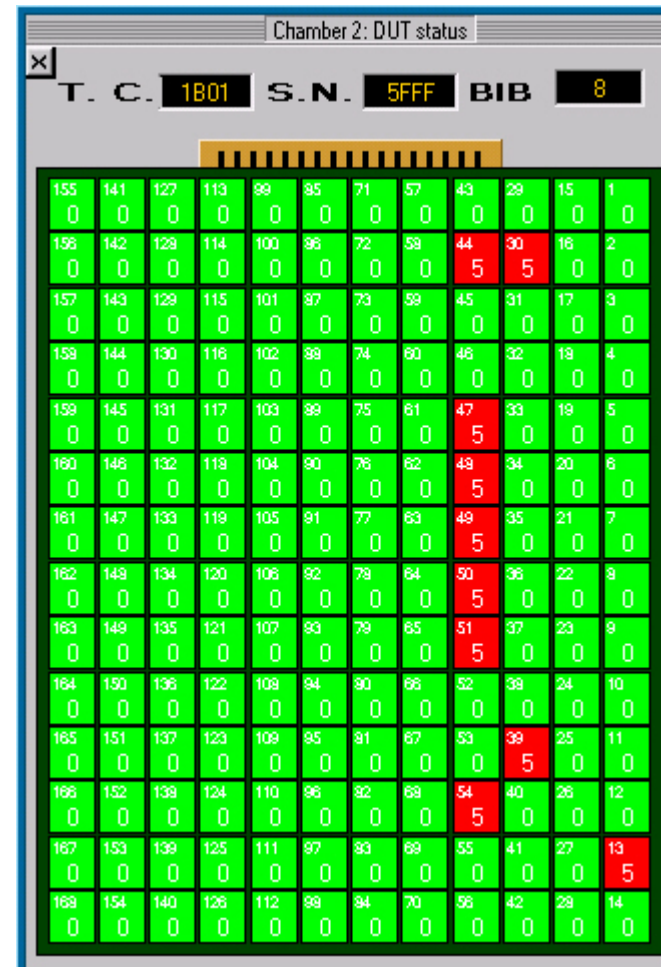
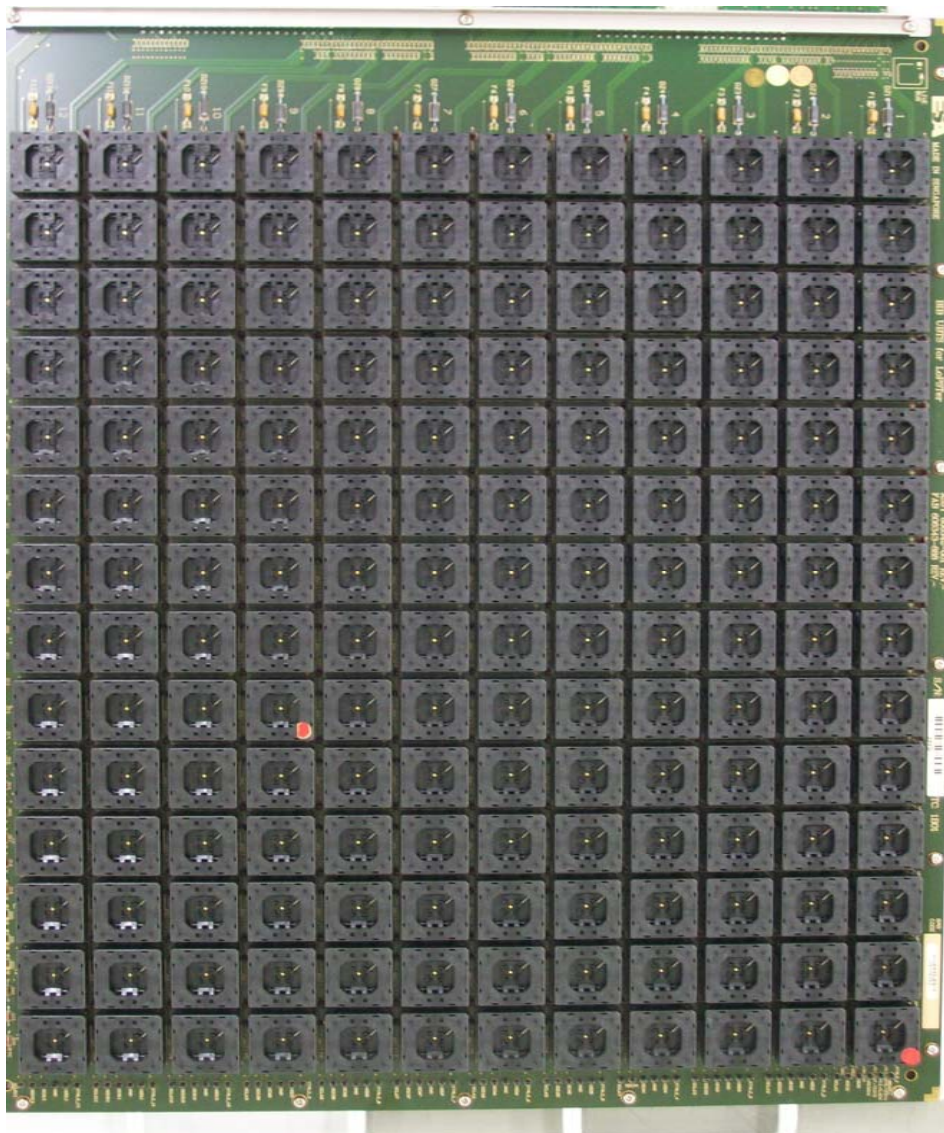


FCT = Function test within the chamber

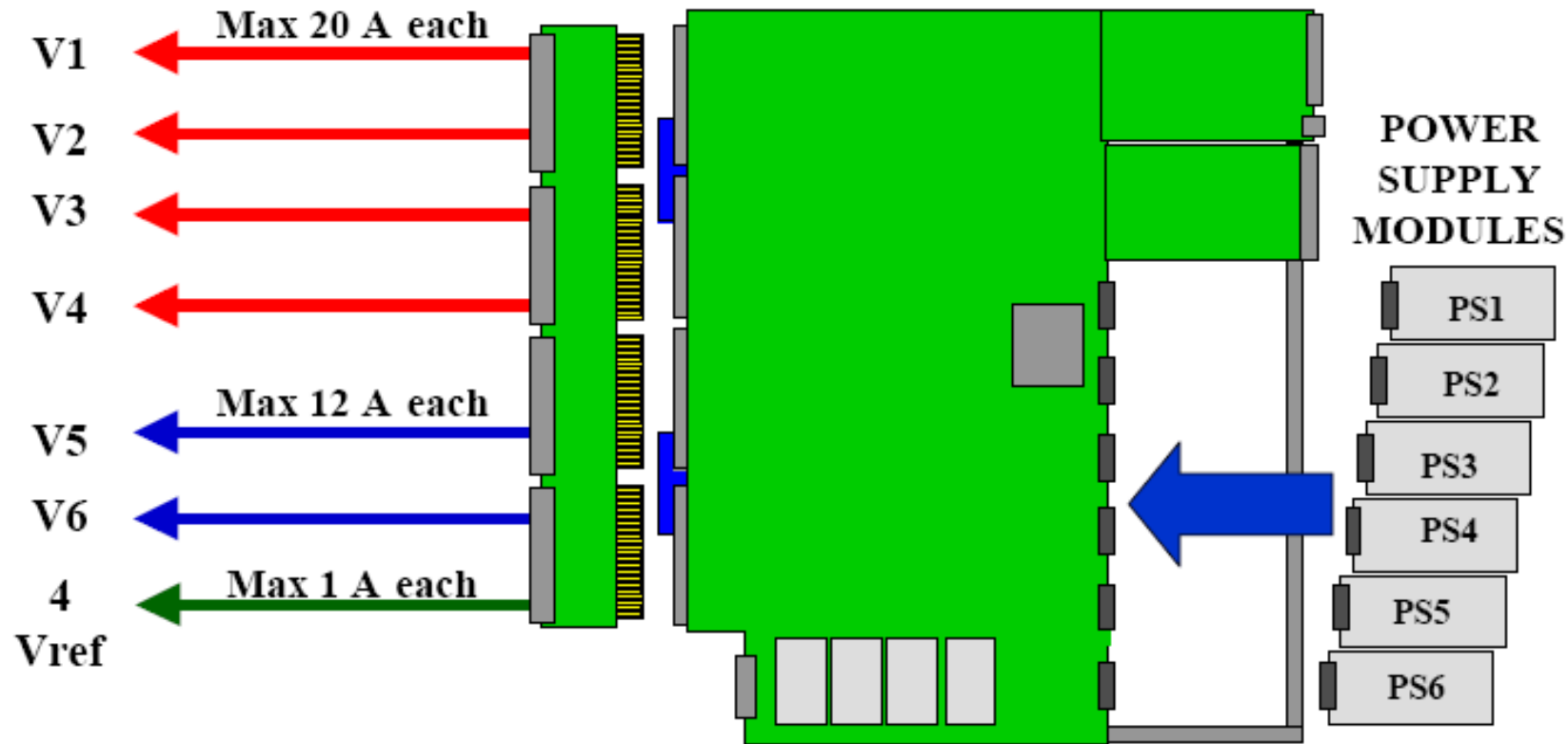
EDA System DA48



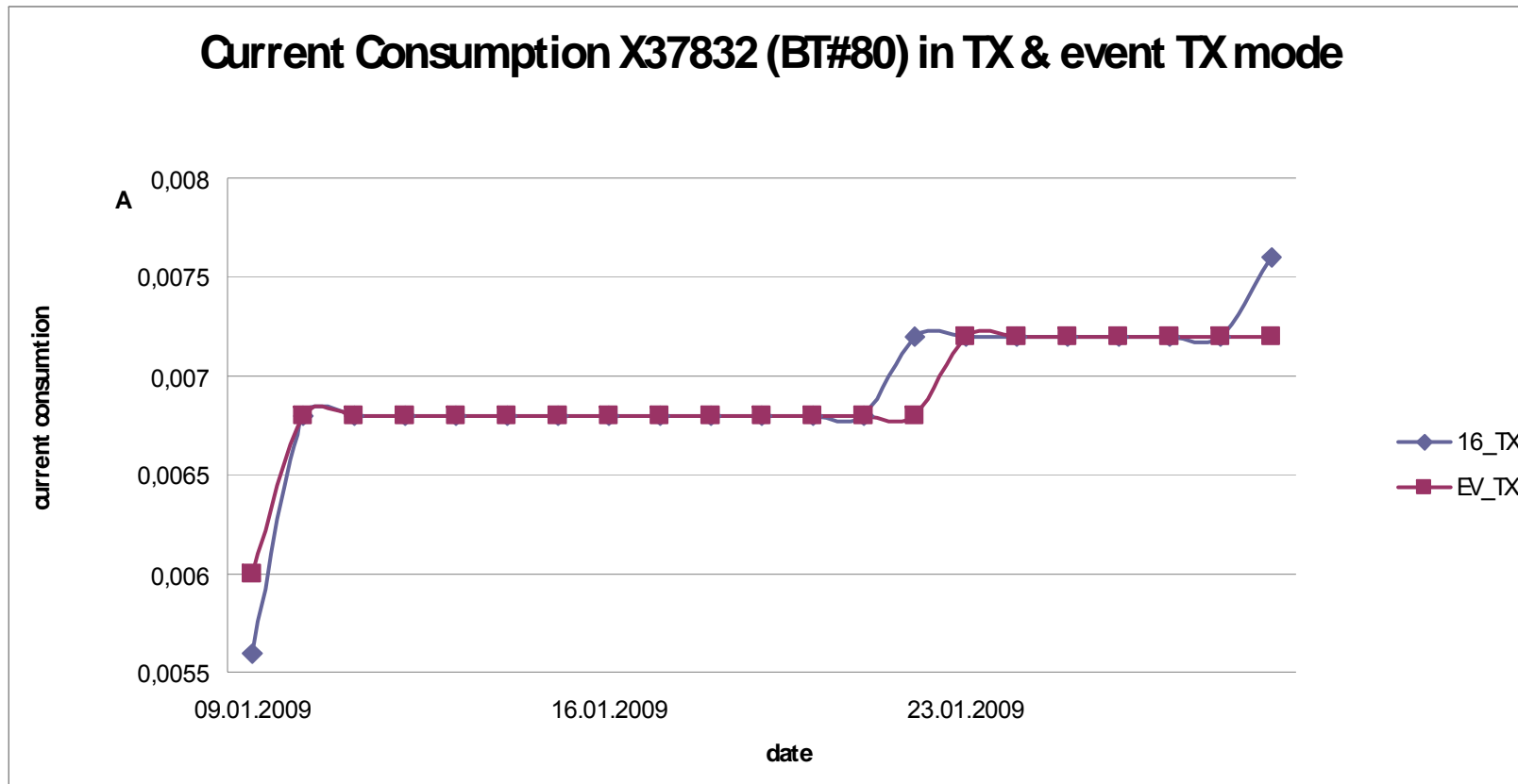
EDA Board with Visualisation



Drivers



Drift Analysis Example

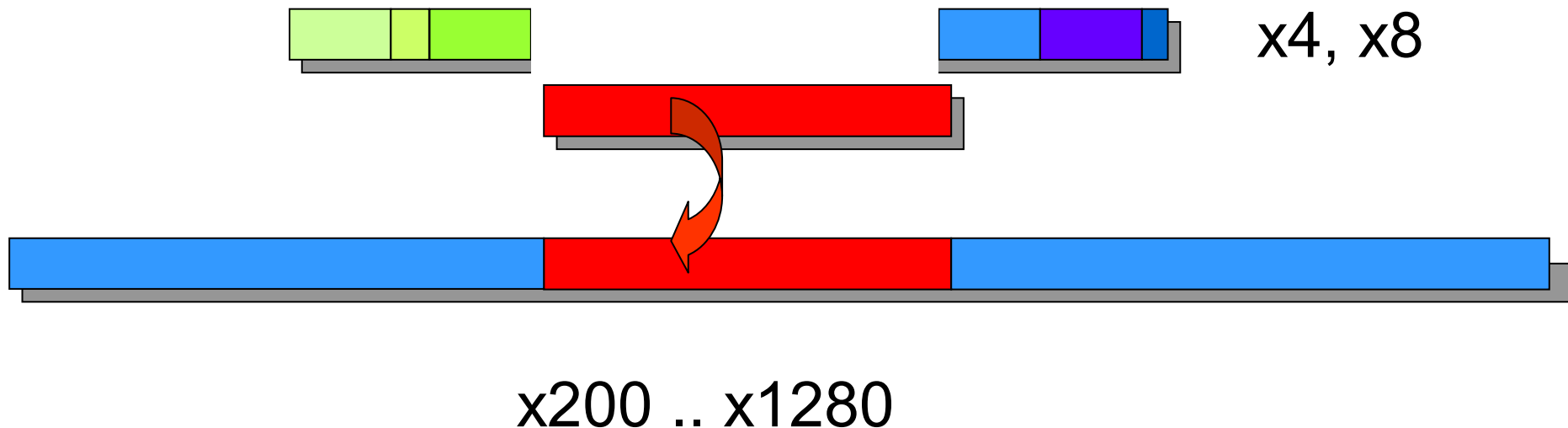


Possibilities for Test Time Reduction



- Move long running test from functional ATE test into BurnIn stress test & increase paralelism

ATE Test Flow



Test Modes



- **Test modes to be considered to guarantee effective stress**

- **PLL bypass**
- **Regulator off**
- **BI monitor control**
- **...**

Important Factors for Successful Process



- Experienced engineers
- Short communication paths
- Close interaction between design, test, product engineering and qualification teams
- Parallelization of development activities
- Usage of Dfx methodologies
- Start building test & reliability concept as of kick-off

Thanks a lot for your attention & patience!